



Boletín SAO

Revista científica de la Sociedad Antioqueña
de Ornitología

INSTRUCTIONS TO AUTHORS

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The **Boletín SAO** is the scientific journal of the Antioquia Ornithological Society. The journal aims to be a link amongst the society members, and it also seeks to establish bridges with the national and international ornithological community. Hence, our main goal is to serve as a witness of the development of the ornithology in Antioquia and in Colombia, and to contribute to the education of their readers in a variety of topics about the life of birds, their study and conservation.

The **Boletín SAO** publishes original research, comments, book reviews, literature reviews, and bird illustrations and photographs, in English or Spanish. Although contributions of different topics are welcome, the bulletin has a special interest in natural history, range extensions, and local ornithology development. Color photographs and illustrations are welcome.

The author's opinion, expressed in the papers published at the **Boletín SAO**, do not necessarily match the views of the bulletin's editors and reviewers. The editorial team reserves the right of publication of any of the submitted papers.

Manuscripts should be sent electronically to boletinsao@sao.org.co following the instructions below.

The manuscripts should be edited this way and following this style:

Manuscript made with Microsoft Office Word (.doc or .docx), with double spaced paragraphs, using Times New Roman 12 sized font, and with standard Word document margins (2.5 cm top and bottom borders, and 3 cm left and right borders). Always use metric system (cm, s, g), and 24 hours time system (06:00 h, 23:00h). Only scientific names and words in Latin should be in italics (*Tyrannus, sensu*); Common names must be followed by scientific names (... The White-headed Manakin (*Dixiphia pipra*)... , or this way: ... The Golden-naped Tanager, *Tangara ruficervix*,...).

First Manuscript Page:

Title in English and Spanish (bold, at the center, in upper case; no more than 35 words).

Author(s) complete name, address, and email: (in lower case and at the center). Make each author matches his/her own address with lower case letters from A to Z. Place emails following authorship order.

Summary in English and Spanish (Justified to the left and in lower case; no more than 200 words).

Key Words in English and in Spanish (5 as maximum, arranged alphabetically, in lower case and justified to the left).

Manuscript Body:

Introduction; Methods, Results, Discussion, Acknowledgments, References (All this in lower case, justified to the left, and each title in bold (i.e.: Results).

NOTE: The Comments, Book Reviews, Short Notes, and Bird Illustrations and Photographs don't need to follow the order suggested by this format, anyway the editorial team will consider if any of these sections is necessary. To submit to the Bird Illustrations and Photographs section, the author should contact the editorial team to obtain details about size and format of the files; each

illustration or photograph must have a short text about the illustrated or photographed bird, also about the used techniques, and if the author wants, about he/she as a bird illustrator/photographer.

References and comments inside the manuscript text: Two or more references must be arranged alphabetically and separated with comas: i.e.: The Grey-breasted Ducklet, *Patulus patulus*, is distributed from Canada to Patagonia (Calimbo 1980, Patriarca & Letardo 1956, Restrepo 1998). When there are 3 or more authors: (Olivares *et al.* 1983). Also: Calimbo & Guevara (1998) observed this bird in the north side.... Or: Calimbo *et al.* (1998) observed the birds in three localities...

Personal comments or observations: ... the Forest Ducklet, *Platyrrhynchus mystaceus*, is common in Amalfi and Anorí municipalities (A. Cuervo pers. com.) or also: (A. Cuervo pers. obs.)

In press or unpublished: ... The Forest Suere, *Lophotriccus pileatus*, eats mainly spiders (A. Cuervo in press) or (A. Cuervo unpub.).

Figures and tables: i.e.: ...murid rodents in the genus *Heteromys* were highly represented in the diet of the owl (Table 1); the top of other molar teeth say that another kind of mouse is part of the diet of the owl (Fig.1).

NOTE: The tables and figures must be placed at the end of the manuscript; each table and each figure in a different page and with its legend at the top. Please don't insert them inside the main text.

References at the end of the text:

–**Journal articles:**

Snow, D. W. 1971. Evolutionary aspects of fruit-eating birds. *Ibis* 113: 194–202.

Snow, D. W. & A. Lill. 1974. Longevity records for some Neotropical land birds. *The Condor* 76: 262–267.

Delgado., C. A., Pulgarín., P. C. & D. Calderón. 2005. Análisis de egagrópilas del Búho Rayado (*Asio clamator*) en la ciudad de Medellín. Ornitología Colombiana 3: 100–103.

–Books:

Hilty, S. L. & W. L. Brown. 1986. A guide to the Birds of Colombia. Princeton University Press, New Jersey.

–Books Chapters or papers:

Motta, J. C., Rodriguez, C. J. & S. C. Silva. 2004. Food habits of the Striped Owl *Asio clamator* in South-East Brazil. En: Chancellor, R. D. & B. U. Meyburg (eds.). Raptors Worldwide. Págs. 777–784. Penty Kft. Editorial, Budapest.

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